INSTRUCTIONS;

 \checkmark Use an exercise book to answer the following questions.

SET I

<u> In e</u>	<u>each of the questions 1 to 5m fil</u>	<u>II in the blank spaces with a suitable work.</u>
1.	The P.7 candidates will break _	for term II holidays in December.
2.	The invigilator was such	honest lady that all the candidates liked her.
3.	Most brides	white gowns to coloured ones.
4.	The bouquet	the bride held was beautiful.
5.		itizens, they wouldn't have protected the environment.
<u>In e</u>	each of the questions 6 to 15, us	se the correct form of the given words in brackets.
6.	Mr. Bukenya is one of the UNEE	3(examination)
7.	I need an	cable to play my music from the sitting room. (extend)
8.	The thief will serve a two year	(prison)
9.		was attended by many people (bury)
10.	Theirlast	ed for a short period of time. (marry)
11.	Our teachers have organized	classes for week learners. (remedy)
12.	Forging one's	is a criminal act. (sign)
13.	Have you received your	
14.	We must always be	
15.	There was no	in Akena's murder case (prove)
For	questions 16 and 17, arrange th	ne following words in alphabetical order.
16.	address, address, addressers	, addressee
17.	dumping, dispose, dustbin, d	drainage
In e	ach 18 and 19, use each of the	given words in a sentence to show that you know
<u>the</u>	<u>difference in their meaning.</u>	
18.	Peace	
19.	Piece	
<u>In e</u>	each of the questions 20 to 21.	re-write the give words to form correct sentences.
20.	this barely letter read can I.	
21.	is holiday where plan your?	
-	uestions 22 and 24, write the f	_
22.	DVD	
	wef	
24	CC	

In each question 25 and 26, re-write the sentence and give the opposite of the <u>underlined.</u>

- The passengers are waiting to \underline{alight} the bus. 25.

<u>In question</u>	<u>is 27 an</u> c	<u>d 28,</u>	<u>re-write</u>	<u>the</u>	sentences	giving	one	word	<u>for</u>	<u>the</u>	<u>underlined</u>	group
of words.												•

26.	The <u>exit</u> to the examination room is closed.				
<u>In q</u>	uestions 27 and 28, re-write the sentences giving one word for the underlined group				
of w	vords.				
27.	The woman who is getting married arrived at the church late.				
28.	The visitor is addressing the pupils who are about to take a national exam.				
In q	uestions 29 and 30, write the plural forms of the given words.				
29.	index number				
30.	chimney				
	Sub Section II				
<u>In e</u>	each of the questions 31 to 50, re-write the sentence as instructed in the brackets.				
31.	Both Njuba and Nakadowa are environmentalists.				
	(Re-write the sentence and use:as well as)				
32.	If Peter mulches his garden, he will get better yields.				
	(Re-write the sentence using:would have)				
33.	The farmers burnt all the dry grass. The wind swept away the top soil.				
	(Re-write the sentence using:since)				
34.	Sadam's body was not buried Sadam's body was not cremated				
	(Re-write the sentence using: neither)				
35.	Doctors tried hard but they could not save the lives of the accident victims.				
	(Re-write the sentence beginning: Despite)				
36.	The girl is here. Her fiancé died in a plane crash. (Use whose)				
37.	The priest often encourageous us to pray in difficult times.				
	(Re-write sentence using: usually)				
38.	There was a prolonged drought. A lot of animals died.				
	(Re-write as one sentence using:so)				
39.	Unless we preserve forests, we shall not live a happy life.				
	(Re-write the sentence beginning: If we preserve)				
40.	Fatuma enjoys music. Her friends also enjoy music.				
	(Re-write as one sentence using:and so)				
41.	Charles didn't have enough time. He didn't watch the play.				
	(Re-write the sentence beginning: If)				
42.	"We shall go away tomorrow," said the journalist.				
	(Re-write the sentence usingsaid that)				
43.	The headteacher will brief the candidates. (Use: look forward)				

44.	Our teachers started marking the papers at 9:00am. It is now 12:00pm and they are
	still marking. (Use: since)
45.	It is not necessary for candidates to revise at the last hour.
	(Use:needn't)
46.	There were very few stamps at the post office. (Use:hardly)
47.	Mary may apply for the post advertised. (Use:likely)
48.	Gerald went to the post office but he forgot to buy stamps. (Use:even though_)
49.	I shall visit my relatives next holiday. (Use:going to)
50.	They made some holiday plans, didn't they?
	(Re-write the sentence ending did they?)
	<u>SECTION B</u>
51.	A primary seven candidate of Tuko Primary School wrote a letter to her mother who
	lives in Nairobi. She wanted to let her mother know how they had been prepared for
	PLE 2020 at school. Read the letter carefully and then answer in full sentences the questions that follow.
	Kachinga Village
	P.O Box 2020
	Mawundo
	2 nd November, 2018
Dear	Mummy,
	pleased to write to you again after such a long time. How are you and how is work in obi? Back here, we are alright and I am preparing for Primary Leaving Examination (PLE)
2018	my, I am writing to inform you that our school has successfully registered us for the PLE and we are very happy. Now, I am ready to sit for the Primary Leaving Examination. In all the candidates have been briefed by our head teacher, Mr. Kato Joseph.
N	and the brighting be gold WALL of the plant of the DIT time table. This will be be

During the briefing he said, "All of you should take note of the PLE timetable. This will help you to know how the subjects have been arranged." He also emphasized that we should read the general instructions carefully and those inside the question paper. After that, the head teacher advised on filling in information on the first page carefully. He also told us to read

each question twice, understand and then answer what is required. After that, the headteacher gave a chance to all P.t teachers to brief us too.

The other three teachers talked about writing our response in the spaces provided in the question paper. They encouraged us to have confidence in ourselves. They added that all the questions set are within the curriculum. They warned us against any kind of **examination malpractice**.

Mummy, the teachers also reassured us that we shall pass with flying colours. I am ready and revising seriously following the time table. Pray for me not to forget what I was taught.

Please, send my regards to my little brother Jatel Athony. I wish you all the best while doing your work.

Your loving daughter, Katoko Elizabeth

Questions:

- a) To which school does the writer of the letter go?
- b) Where does the writer's mother live?
- c) When did Katoko Elizabeth write this letter?
- d) Why were the candidates very happy?
- e) Who talked about the PLE time table during the briefing?
- f) Who was given chance to brief the candidates after the head teacher?
- g) Why do you think it's important to fill in correct information on the first page?
- h) Why were the candidates told to be confident?
- i) What were the candidates warned against?
- i) What is the letter about?

52. Read the information below and in full sentences answer the auestions that follow.

Rev. Fr. Nuwagaba Nicolas certify that Mr. Innocent Mulindwa of Kalangala and Miss Anna Maria Apio of Arua have been legally married in Holy Matrimony.

Today the 18th of August 2020. in the church of St. Matia Mulumba Kalangala

Signature of the Officiate: Nuwagaba Nicolas
Signature of the married couple: Innocent Mulindwa

Anna Maria Apio

Signature of the witnesses 1. Mr. Tom Mugabe

2. Mrs. Immaculate Oketa

St. Joseph the protector of families keep and Aid them.

Questions

- a) Which church gave this marriage certificate?
- b) Who joined the couple in Holy Matrimony?
- c) When did the Holy matrimony take place?
- d) How many witnesses signed this certificate?
- e) Who was the bride on that day?
- f) Why are the witnesses needed in Holy Marriage?

	a) Give and word to refer to a hughand a	nd hig wife				
	g) Give one word to refer to a husband and his wife.i) Write the following in full					
	(i) St					
	(ii) Rev.					
	(iii) Fr					
53.	The sentences below are jumbled. Stumake a story about CHILD MARRRIAGE	dy them carefully and rearrange them to				
	a) Unfortunately, her mother could not k	eep her in school.				
	 b) The records of 2019 show that 15% of women were married by age of 15 years. c) Born and raised in slums of Kampala. d) So, her education journey had to stop. 					
	e) Before the early marriage, Namuli dro					
	f) Namuli is one of the many girls that have been affected by the child marriage.					
	g) This was after the death of her fathe	·				
	h) That she chose to marry at an early ag	ge.				
	i) Life became so hard on the streets.					
	j) She went to the streets to take on begging.					
54.	Read the poem below and answer the a	uestions that follow in full sentences.				
	THE ABANDO	ONED CHILD				
	reas I am born of man,					
	eft to stare at bricks and stones nelter nor food for me	I wouldn't have learnt bad habits But the harsh conditions confuse me				
	ers I call my clothes	I start smoking bhang to fill high I snatch bags, phones and money to survive				
I poo	r child!	1 sharen bags, phones and money to sarvive				
•	reets I sleep and rest,	Oh, poor child				
_	rbage heaps, compete with dogs and	Why but why?				
vultur To ge	res t leftovers from the well to do people	Can't any one help, to take me off streets? And I also live a desirable life				

Questions:

- a) What is the poem about?
- b) Who mistreats the child?
- c) Which type of clothes does the child wear?
- Where does the child sleep? d)
- Where does the child get what to eat? e)

f)	Why does the child smoke bhang?
g)	Who is speaking in the poem?
h)	Why does the child need to be taken off the streets?
i)	Write another word or group of words with the same meaning as the underlined in the
	poem.
	i) snatch
	ii) Stare
55	5. You are Apoko Amos a pupil of Gwata Primary School P.O Box 28 Lira,
	Write a letter to your headteacher apologizing for using abusive language in the
	dormitory. Also give a reason why you shouted at the dormitory teacher. Promise
	never to do it again.
	Use your school address.
	<u>SET II</u>
	each of the questions 1 to 5, fill in the blank space with a suitable word.
	interesting letter writing is!
	We travelledtaxi from Mbale to Mpigi.
3.	Musa bought a computer in to access the internet.
4.	The thief was to three years' imprisonment.
5.	you go to the post office late, you won't post your letter
<u>In</u>	each of the questions 6 -15, use the correct form of the word in the brackets to
co	mplete the sentence.
6.	That is the shop in which my uncle works as a (cash)
	The conductor talked to the old lady (polite)
8.	The are good at making cars. (Japan)
	Uganda is a country, isn't it? (peace)
10	. Mother has just money from her account. (withdraw)
	. Havingthe fare, the traveller got out of the bus. (pay)
	. The P.5 children are letters now. (write)
	. Abdul waited for the bus. (patient)
	. The was arrested by the police. (crime)
	. How many does a friendly letter have? (address)
	questions 16 and 17, re-arrange the given words in alphabetical order.
	. Rwanda, Burundi, Niger, Nigeria
	computer, search, café, save
	each of the questions 18 - 20, re-write the sentence giving one word for the
	derlined words.

18. A lot of people from Rwanda have settled in Uganda.
19. Rose invited <u>you and me</u> to her birthday party.
20. The notorious thief was <u>taken to prison</u> .
For questions 21 and 22, write the given short forms in full.
21. a/c
22.email
For questions 23 and 24, re-write the sentence giving the opposite of the underlined
word.
23.Matayo has gone to the bank to <u>deposit</u> some money.
24.I <u>like</u> travelling by bodaboda.
For questions 25 and 26, use each of the given in a sentence to show that you know
their difference in meaning.
25.reach
26.rich
For questions 27 and 28, re-write the sentence giving the plural forms of the underlined
words.
27. Moses moves with his mobile phone.
28. The thieves broke the <u>safe</u> and took the money.
For questions 29 and 30, re-arrange the given words to form correct sentences.
29.I wrong dialed a number.
30. What travelled journey we a long!
In each of the questions 31 - 40, re-write the sentence as instructed in the brackets.
31. I bought a computer. I wanted to surf the internet. (Join usingin order to)
32. Our bus arrived at Malaba border in time. (Re-write usingreached)
33.I am not a Kenyan. I am a Ugandan. (Join usingbut)
34. The cell was very dark inside. The prisoners could not see anything. (Join usingsothat)
35. When Mirembe entered the bank, she joined the queue. (Begin: As soon as)
36. The pupils were singing as they were travelling. (Begin: While)
37.Ogola wrote a very interesting letter. (Begin: What!)
38.Children ought not to own phones. (Useshould)
39.If you don't buy a stamp, your letter will not be posted. (Begin: Unless)
40. We need peace in our country. (Begin: Peace)

41. Read the story below and answer the questions that follow.

My name is Namudu Eva. I am a Ugandan. I speak Lunyole. I live in Butaleja District in the Village called Mutuku. I have two friends. My best friend is Betina. She is a Rwandan. The other friend is Cherly. He is a Chinese. His parents work at Namanve Coffee Factory. I respect my friends' cultures very much. There are a number of clubs at our school. Most of the pupils belong to the culture club. I am also part of this club. While at school, all children from the different parts of the world work together. They speak different interesting languages. The language that interests me most is Chinese. Every year, our club organizes a cultural festival. On this day, there are many events such as fashion, singing and dancing competitions. Children normally dress in their cultural wear; Parents also attend this wonderful day.

Questions

- 1. Who is the writer of this story?
- 2. Where does the writer live?
- 3. Which language does the writer speak?
- 4. How many friends does the writer have?
- 5. From which country does Cherly come?
- 6. To which club do most pupils from the writer's school belong?
- 7. Mention one of the events that take place during the cultural festival.
- 8. How do children dress on the cultural festival?
- 9. Write one word to mean every year as used in the story.
- 10. Suggest a suitable title for the story.

42. The sentences below are in a wrong order. Re-arrange them carefully to form a composition about law and order.

- 1. The man did not answer but continued to move very fast.
- 2. On the way, I saw a man carrying a bunch of matooke.
- 3. One day, I was going to school.
- 4. The villagers chased him and caught him.
- 5. Suddenly, I saw a mob following him.
- 6. Lastly, he was taken to the police station.
- 7. When the man saw them, he dropped the matooke.
- 8. He then started running.
- 9. They were carrying sticks and machetes.
- 10. I asked him where he had got the matooke.

SET III

Fill in the blank space with a suitable word.

1.	There are a lot of rough stones	and a few	ones in the quarry.		
2.	The sun rises	th	e east.		
3.	Mary is fond of lying		_ her friends.		
4.	Obale	singing to dancir	ng.		
5.	Milk is sold	litres.			
6.	Bigo lost the game		he played badly.		
7.	What is the time	y	our watch?		
<u>Use</u>	the correct form of the word gi	<u>iven in the bracke</u>	<u>ts.</u>		
8.	Joseph made a	table. (triangle)		
9.	The soldier crawled	tha	n the policeman. (far)		
10.	Brenda is a	girl. (quarı	rel)		
11.	Our neighbour sold her goat		(expensive)		
12.	I	most of the time w	atching TV. (spend)		
13.	One of the gold	in U	lganda is my uncle. (medal)		
14.	Jude was	to me that s	he scored Aggregate 4. (lie)		
15.	Who was the	in the r	race? (nine)		
16.	The young boy doesn't know the		of his ruler. (long)		
17.	Lazy pupils do not	†	heir pencils. (sharp)		
18.	Shebo	ad when the teache	r left the job. (feel)		
19.	Abdul	several times befo	ore he fell off the tree. (swing)		
20.	There are many	in Kam _l	pala city. (beg)		
<u>In q</u>	uestions 21 to 22, write the full	form of the give	n abbreviations.		
21.	kg				
22.	P.T.O				
Rewi	rite each sentence giving one wor	<u>rd for the underli</u>	<u>ned group of words.</u>		
23.	Children who don't obey their parents are bad.				
24.	You should <u>say sorry</u> whenever y	you do wrong.			
25.	Their school held a <u>musical perf</u>	<mark>formance</mark> last term			
26.	We need to buy clothes worn by actors before rehearsals.				

Rewrite the sentence giving the opposite of the underlined word.

- 27. Most pupils in Kasokoso Primary School are **shabby**.
- 28. Mrs. Akili talked to the winners after the game.

Rewrite the sentence giving the plural of the underlined word.

- 29. Warren did not wash his schoolbag.
- 30. The <u>diary</u> mother bought got torn.

SUB SECTION II

Dawr	rite the sentences as instructed in the brackets.
31.	
	Mathew is taller than Andrea. (Rewrite usingasasas
32.	Musobya borrowed some money from Angelos. (Begin Angelos)
33.	The headteacher thanked all the girls. They took part in the competitions.
2.4	(Rewrite using:for)
34.	It is not good to rig elections. (Begin: Rigging)
35.	Simon bought a laptop before he lost his phone.
	(Rewrite the sentence using: after)
36.	I visit the doctor every time I fall sick. (Begin: Whenever)
37.	John lost his diary. He was going to the playground. (Begin: While)
38.	Victoria house participated actively. They won the races.
	(Join using:sothat)
39.	Ichuma is a very wonderful dancer. (Begin:What!)
40.	The boy has just arrived. He won the one hundred-metre race.
	(Rewrite using:who)
41.	Buying is interesting. Selling is very interesting.
	(Rewrite using:morethan)
42.	Kenneth is a handsome boy. He is young. He is tall. (Join without using; and, that, who
43.	If you tell lies, you will be punished. (Begin: Unless)
44.	Obua prefers singing to dancing. (Rewrite using;likes)
45.	I haven't eaten anything since yesterday. I feel hungry. (Join using: "because")
46.	The hotel is near to the airport. The bank is very near to the airport.
	(Rewrite using:nearer)
47.	The pupils could not go on with their work because they were very tired.
	(Rewrite using:toototo)
48.	That is Mondo's sweater. (Rewrite using:belongs)
49.	It is a long way from here to the hospital. (Rewrite using:farfar)
50.	The suit was very expensive. My uncle bought it. (Rewrite using: Although)
	SECTION B
51.	Read the story below and in full sentences answer the questions that follow.

Yesterday was a sports day at Uhuru Boarding Primary School. There were four teams: the green team, the Blue team, the yellow team and the Red team. Mrs. Balungi, the Red team's teacher said to the pupils; "This is a competition. We want to be the <u>winners</u>." We must defeat all the other teams. Everybody should be ready to <u>take part</u>. All of you will participate, except those who are sick.

"What will those who are sick do?" asked one child. "Those who are very sick will remain here in the classroom. "They shouldn't stand under the sun. those who are not very sick will come to the field and cheer our team. Let's go now. The others are waiting."

Soon the sports started. "Hurry up!" the children cried, cheering their teams. "Speed up!" Mrs. Balungi told her team. She was also shouting.

The Red team won all the races except the one hundred metre race. Mrs Balungi was very happy. She said, "well done, boys and girls. Our team is number one.

We're the winners. Now let's go back to our room and have a big celebration. We will eat, drink and dance.

"Hurrah!" shouted Mrs. Balungi's class. "We're the winners!" The pupils in the Blue team said, "Don't boast, Red team. Next time we shall be the winners. We will defeat you in all the races."

Questions:

- a) What is the passage about?
- b) How many teams were in Uhuru Boarding Primary School?
- c) Who was in charge of the Red team?
- d) Which children were supposed to stay in the classroom?
- e) What were children who were not very sick supposed to do?
- f) Which team won the competitions?
- g) Where did the participants of Red team feast?
- h) What did the members of the Blue team promise to do to those of the Red team?
- i) Suggest another word or group of words with the same meaning as the underlined in the passage.

(i)	winners	
(ii)	take part	

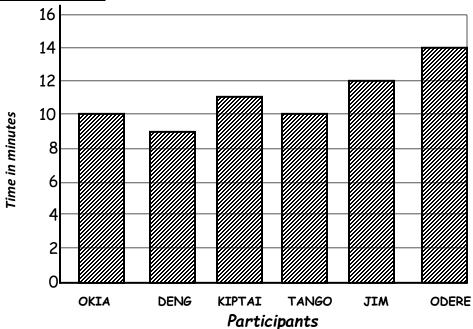
- j) Suggest a suitable title to the passage.
- 52. Below is a record taken from John's diary. Study it carefully and in full sentences answer the questions that follow.

Day / Date	Activity
------------	----------

Wed. 20 th May, 2020	visited my sick grandmother to Kapeera Hospital.
Thur. 21st May, 2020	took my grandmother
Fri. 22 nd May, 2020	planted tomatoes.
Sat. 23 rd May, 2020	sold eggs and banked money
Sun. 24 th May, 2020	went to church at 8:00a.m
Mon. 25 th May, 2020	reported for work

Questions;

- 1. When did John visit his sick grandmother?
- 2. What did John do on Thursday?
- 3. Where was John on Friday?
- 4. What happened on Sunday?
- 5. What do you think is John's religion?
- 6. At what time did he go to church?
- 7. When did John report for work?
- 8. Where did John take his sick grandmother?
- 9. On which day of the week did John report for work?
- 10. How many activities did John do that week?
- 53A. <u>Six participants took part in a 100-metre race</u>. The graph below shows the amount of time each took to finish. Study it carefully and answer the questions in full sentences.



- a) How many participants took part in the race?
- b) Which kind of race was it?

- c) Who won the race?
- d) Which two participants finished at the same time?
- e) How long did Kiptai take to reach the finish line?

53(B) The table below shows different performances that were staged at Lubanda Theatre on Sunday 8th March. 2020. Study it and answer the questions in full sentences.

Presenters	Item	Attendance (People)	Collection (Money)
Ndere Troupe	dances	250	250,000/=
Golden choir	songs	120	120,000/=
The shantoos	play	170	170,000/=
Akope kids	poem	200	200,000/=

Questions:

- a) When were the above shows staged?
- b) Where were the shows staged?
- c) How many people watched the play?
- d) What item did Akope kids present?
- e) Which international day do you think was celebrated that day?

54. Read the following poem carefully and answer the questions about it in full sentences.

Dad told us to write,
This stopping list,
And leave it on the table,
For him to pick on the morrow.

I hope I remember right,
I put a doll, a shirt and a hat,
But Bruce put a bag, a shirt and a ball,
To play with on the morrow.
I cried with all my might,
When I saw my nice hat,
Perched on Bruce's head,
As he went out to play on the morrow.

And when he went out of sight, I removed his nice shirt,

Dumped it in mud to revenge, For running off with my hat Leaving me in sorrow!

Questions;

- 1. What did the children write?
- 2. Who asked the people in the poem to write the shopping list?
- 3. Where was the shopping list put?
- 4. What did Bruce write on the shopping list?
- 5. How many stanzas make up this poem?
- 6. Why did the child cry according to stanza three?
- 7. Who went out of sight according to stanza four?
- 8. How did the second child revenge?
- 9. Write a word that rhymes with;

a)	sorrow:	
b)	write:	

55. The dialogue below is between Tendo and Suubi. Complete it with the missing responses

i esponses.	
Tendo:	Good afternoon, Suubi.
Suubi:	
Tendo:	Where were you last holiday?
Suubi:	
Tendo:	What were you doing in Gabon?
Suubi:	
Tendo:	Watching AFCON! What is it?
Suubi:	
Tendo:	Oh! It is African Cup of Nations. Are you a fan of football?
Suubi:	
Tendo:	Which match did you watch last while in Gabon?
Suubi:	
Tendo:	By how many goals did Egypt beat Uganda?
Suubi:	
Tendo:	One goal to zero is a very bad result! Were you happy with the way our team played?
Suubi:	
Tendo:	If not, how should our team prepare for such a big tournament?
Suubi:	
Tendo:	Have enough practice and exposure! I agree. Okay have a good day.
Suubi:	

SET IV

Fill in the blank space with a suitable word.

1.	As there were no vehicles, we had	to travelfoot.	
2.	You should not cross the road	it is clear.	
3.	All drivers must abide	the traffic laws.	
4.	Even	_the chairman is my friend, I don't support him.	
5.	Our sow gave birth to six healthy_	·	
6.	Please, look	the meanings of difficult words in a dictionary.	
Use	the correct form of the word give	<u>n in the brackets.</u>	
7.	A dictionary also gives an	of each word. (explain)	
8.	The hotel was so	that everyone wanted to stay there. (comfort)	
9.	Why are the goats	so much? (bleat)	
10.	The carpenter has	the new stool with sandpaper. (smooth)	
11.	Musoke moved	_to the kitchen to talk to his sister. (hurry)	
12.	The careless	fell off his bicycle. (cycle)	
13.	Traffic was	today than it was yesterday. (heavy)	
14.	The visitors were given a warm	at the hotel. (receive)	
15.	The cyclist	rode through the traffic jam. (skill)	
16.	Road	should be taught in all schools. (safe)	
17.	Having	the dough, I started shaping it. (knead)	
Use	<u>each of the given words to constru</u>	ct meaningful sentences.	
18.	bun:		
19.	burn:		
In qu	<u>uestions 20 and 21, arrange the gi</u>	<u>ven words in alphabetical order.</u>	
20.	drove, drives, driver, driven		
21.	twins, triplets, niece, nephew		
Rewr	ite the sentence giving the opposit	e of the underlined word.	
22.	The <u>waiter</u> welcomed the customer with a smile.		
23.	You need to <u>reduce</u> you speed when you reach a tarmac road.		
24.	His <u>nephew</u> is very kind.		
<u>Writ</u>	Write the full forms of the given short forms.		
25.	Hon		
26.	mustn't		

Rearrange the given words to form a correct sentence.

- 27. going to the I bakery am.
- 28. dangerous How road is Jinja!

Rewrite the sentence giving one word for the underlined group words.

- 29. There was an accident at a place where two roads meet.
- 30. The baker is pressing and stretching dough.

SUB SECTION II

Rewr	rite the sentences as instructed in the brackets.
31.	The boy was taken to hospital immediately he got an accident. (Begin: As soon as)
32.	The man is an Indian. His restaurant caught fire. (Rewrite using:whose)
33.	Gad borrows a dictionary every time he goes to the library.
	(Rewrite using:whenever)
34.	"I will oppose the motion next Friday," said the girl. (Begin: The girl said)
35.	I placed my order immediately the waiter arrived at my table.
	(Rewrite beginning: No sooner)
36.	Tom will debate if he gets enough points. (Rewrite using:would debate)
37.	It is good for drivers to signal at the roundabout. (Rewrite using:need)
38.	The timekeeper rang the bell but Simon continued debating.
	(Rewrite the sentence beginning: Although)
39.	This is really a nice meal. (Begin: What!)
40.	We should look after animals. We should also learn their behaviour. (Begin: Not only
41.	The chef could not talk to the customer because he was very busy.
	(Use:tooto)
42.	You cannot spell this word. I cannot spell this word. (Rewrite using: Neither)
43.	The driver was careless. He caused the accident
	(Rewrite using:suchthat)
44.	They sang the national anthem before the debate started. (Begin: By the time)
45.	The waitress did not give me a receipt. I gave the money to her.
	(Join using:whom)
46.	Mr. Kafeero is the owner of that herd of cattle. (Rewrite using:belongs)
47.	It is not necessary for school children to throw stones at vehicles.
	(Rewrite using:needn't)
48.	Mr. Ogola went to the hotel. He wanted to have lunch. ((Use;sothat)
49.	I cannot buy a dictionary. I don't have enough money. (Rewrite beginning: Since)
50.	Your mother loves you, doesn't she? (Rewrite and end;, does she?)

SECTION B

51. Read the passage below and carefully answer the questions that follow:

Rukundo, a twelve-year old girl at Hilltop Primary School in Masaka, had her aunt working in Kampala. During the first term holidays, Rukundo got an **opportunity** to come to Kampala. She came to spend the holidays with her aunt who lives in Bukoto near the city.

"Did you enjoy the journey, Alice?" her aunt asked. "Yes, Aunt, I enjoyed it." "uncle Tom was driving fast, especially from Masaka to Kampala."

"Did you travel with anyone else?"

"Yes, Aunt, we helped a man who was involved in an accident on the main road as he was trying to cross.

When we reached the junction near the roundabout on Mityana Road, a speeding car lost control and hit the man at the crossroads. He fell on the side path. He lay flat on the ground, bleeding. Uncle stopped the car and gave him first aid, then later we took him to Mulago Hospital.

"Aunt, I was <u>scared</u> when I saw the man flying in air and landing like a sack of charcoal on the ground. Before uncle took him to the hospital, a traffic officer came and measured the place where the accident had taken place. He said the driver was careless, and that he did not know the Highway Code. He failed to follow the road signs.

"From the hospital, Uncle drove carefully and said that "No man is an Island," so we should always help one another."

Questions;

- a) In which school was Rukundo?
- b) How old was Rukundo?
- c) Where was Rukundo's aunt living?
- d) Why did Rukundo go to her aunt's place?
- e) In which place did the accident happen?
- f) How did Rukundo feel when she saw the accident?
- g) Who measured the place where the accident occurred?
- h) Give another word or group of words with the same meaning as each of the underlined in the passage.

(i)	opportunity	
(ii)	scared	

- i) Suggest a suitable title to the passage
- 52. Below is a notice that appeared in the New vision newspaper of Monday 30th November, 2020. Study it carefully and answer the questions about it.

A Carpenter needed

Applications are invited from young Ugandans for the position of a carpenter in a large factory which makes all types if furniture.

Five vacancies exist.

Applicants should be above 20 years and must have a Trade Test Certificate. They should be capable of working long hours without supervision.

Successful applicants will get attractive salary.

Applications should be written in one's own handwriting and addressed to:

The Manager Kalimu Industry P.O.Box 789 Kamuli

Note: Closing date: 20th December, 2020.

Questions;

- 1. What is the notice about?
- 2. In which newspaper did the notice appear?
- 3. Which position is being advertised?
- 4. How many vacancies exist?
- 5. How old should the applicants be?
- 6. What must the applicant have?
- 7. What will the successful applicants get?
- 8. How should applications be written?
- 9. Who will receive the applications?
- 10. What do you think will happen to Isiko who will take his application on 21st December, 2020?

53. Study the menu below carefully and answer the questions that follow;

Good Feeding Restaurant, Jinja Today's Menu		
Items	Price (Uganda shillings)	

tea	1,500
coffee	1,500
juice	1,000
glass of milk	2,000
soda (all types)	2,500
splash (small)	2,200
water	1,000
Food	
matooke, rice, potatoes, yams,	posho and chapati served with:
beef	6,000
chicken	8,000
fish (fresh)	6,500
fish (dry)	5,500
ground nuts	4,500
beans / peas	4,000
dessert	
fruit salad	Yellow Bananas

Questions:

- a) What is the name of the restaurant?
- b) Where is this restaurant located?
- c) Which is the most expensive item?
- d) If Mega orders fresh fish with matooke and a glass of juice, how much will she pay?
- e) How much does a plate of food served with beef cost?
- f) How many items appear on the menu?
- g) Which two cold drinks cost the same amount of money?
- h) How much would a cup of coffee and a plate of food served with ground nuts cost?
- i) Name the most expensive drink in the restaurant.
- j) Amuriat used a twenty-thousand shilling note to pay for two plates of food served with chicken and a glass of milk, how much was her change?

54. Read the poem below and answer the questions that follow in full sentences.

Do you know why Grandfather sings? Ninety years old with six grandchildren to care for, Sons and daughters gone - south, east, west and north, An old man.

He sells goats milk to buy some soap, Every day he feeds the children, Six grandchildren, strong and healthy, I know why the old man sings.

Dark at night, he thinks of tomorrow, How and what to feed the children, No wife, no sister, no aunt, no mother, I don't know when Grandfather sleeps.

Do you know why Grandfather limps? Tethering goats, fetching water from the well, Cutting firewood far away, from the forest, Hurrying home to cook the food.

Natasha Pearl

Questions:

- a) How old is grandfather?
- b) How many grandchildren does he have?
- c) Describe the grandfather's grandchildren.
- d) When does the old man think of tomorrow?
- e) Does the grandfather have a wife?
- f) Where does he fetch water from?
- g) Why do you think grandfather goes to the forest?
- h) Why does grandfather hurry home?
- i) How many stanzas does the poem have?
- j) Who wrote the poem?

55. The sentences below are in a wrong order. Write them out in the correct order to make a composition about a "Debate Competition"

a) At the beginning of the debate the proposers and opposers took their seats.

- b) After the motion had been read, the proposers and opposers presented their points.
- c) Angella recorded these points too.
- d) At the beginning of this term, we had a debate competition with a visiting school.
- e) After reading the points, Angella declared that the debate was a draw.
- f) After this, the chairman stood up and read the motion.
- g) Angella the secretary recorded the points which the proposers and opposers raised.
- h) The motion for the debate was "Boarding Schools should be Abolished."
- i) After the main speakers, a few points were raised from the audience.
- j) At the end of the debate, the secretary read out the points which the proposers and the opposers had presented.

SET V

A) <u>VERBS</u>

A verb is a word that describes an action or state of being.

Some examples of verbs include; come, lend, is, sing

- > Ssali ran to school. (action)
- The shopkeeper is happy. (state of being)

Major parts of a verb

	Present Simple	Present Continuous	Past Simple	Past Participle
Rule	original verb +	am, is, are + ing	changes differently	has, have,
	s/es	verb	add d or ed.	having, had
Example	write/writes	writing	wrote	has, have,
		_		having, had
				written

Formation of verbs

Noun	Verb
advice	advise
bath	bathe
beauty	beautify
loss	lose
loan	lend
success	succeed
seat(take a seat)	sit
life	live
deceit	deceive
prison	imprison
courage	encourage

peace	peaceful
pouco	podeorai

Complete the sentences correctly.

1.	That man, Fabregas is a	(Spain)
2.	My father has lived with	national for a long time. (France)
3.	There are some	studying in our school. (Ghana)
4.	prefer eating m	ushroom pizza to eating cheese pizza. (Turkey)
5.	I am from Britain, so I am	(Britain)
6.	Salim is an	. (Arab)
7.	The government has pron	nised to construct a road in Uganda. (Denmark)
8.	Thierry Henry is a	(French)
9.	Paul Kagame is a	citizen. (Rwanda)
10.	Rev. Coleman is a	He is not a Ugandan. (foreign)
11.	Mr. Ibrahimovic returned with a	friend last year. (Sweden)
12.	An lives i	n an igloo. (Greenland)
13.	The teachers have already visited	schools. (England)
14.	Some pupils in this school have	pen pals. (Canada)
15.	The mechanic uses	spare parts in his garage. (Japan)

Prepositions of position.

TOPOGRAPHIC OF POOR			
In	At	On	
<u>in</u> a room	<u>at</u> home	on a bus	But <u>in</u> a car
<u>in</u> a building	<u>at</u> a party	<u>on</u> a train	or <u>in</u> a taxi
<u>in</u> a city centre	<u>at</u> the station	n <u>on</u> a plane	01 <u>in</u> a 1axi
<u>in</u> a queue	<u>at</u> the headqu	uarters <u>on</u> a ship	
<u>in</u> bed	<u>at</u> the hairdr	esser's <u>on</u> a menu	
<u>in</u> prison	<u>at</u> University	<u>on</u> a shoppi	ng list
<u>in</u> a photo	<u>at</u> school	<u>on</u> a page	
<u>in</u> the shade			

Other uses!

- 1. We say on foot.
- 2. You cannot use by if you say my car/the train/a taxi

Say; <u>by</u> car but <u>in</u> my car ✓ <u>by</u> train but <u>on the</u> train ✓

3. in the rain/in the sun/in the dark/in the shade/in bad weather.

Use in, on, at, by

1.	my opinion, the movie wasn't very good.				
2.	One day, I would like to go a world tour.				
3.	When you do the exam, you are not allowed to write pencil.				
4.	Please write your name capital letters.				
5.	I didn't watch the news	television but I he	ard it	the radio.	
6.	Teachers in Uganda have gone		_for better p	ay and condition	
7.	It was too hot for us to sit				
8.	Don't go out	the rain.			
9.	Laura arrived	a taxi.			
10.	Did you come here	car or		foot?	
As Pro So	g: Unless long as vided that long as case	ondition that			
> F	statements. e.g. if <u>h</u>		ning lessons. (nd wishful <u>chase</u>	Begin: If)	
	To give advice: If I were you, I am not you. I cannot quit smokin He does not know French. He can Since I don't have enough money, -write or join these sentences in	ng. (Begin: If not travel to France. (l I shall not go shopping	Jse:would		
> >	Thomas did not register for PLE Your father didn't tell me that he Use:if)	e was going away. I did	•	-	
	We use commas (,) with these	CIUUSES.			

My brother Ben, who lives in Greenland, is an architect. ('who lives in Greenland' gives extra information about my brother Ben.)

Use who whose or which (Use commas)

- 1. Lisa was in a very bad mood. Her car had broken down.
- 2. Catherine is very friendly. She lives next door.
- 3. Gorillas can sometimes be found in zoos. They are large and originate in Africa.

- 4. John's mother has six grandchildren. She lives in Scotland.
- 5. My friend John has just married an Indian woman. He went to the same school as me.
- 6. My grandmother came from Kigezi. She is dead now.
- 7. The parent in the office is smart. His son is very sick.

Re-write the sentences as instructed in brackets.

- 8. Where is the yoghurt? It was in the fridge. (Use:which.......)
- 9. Peter lives in his house. (Begin: The house.....which.....which......
- 10. The article appeared in the newspapers last week. It was sad. (Begin: The article which.....)
- 12. Anna told me about her new school. She is enoying it very much. (Use:......which.......)

C) Abstruct nouns. (Activity Three)

1.

An abstract noun is a word that means an idea or a general quality, not a physical object.

An abstract noun is something you cannot detect with your five senses. (taste, see, hear, smell, touch)

Concrete nouns(detect with 5 senses)	Abstract nouns
<u>Taste</u> - food, salt, strawberry	<u>Feelings</u> - Love, hatred, anger, pride,
<u>See</u> – clouds, smile, sun	sympathy, happiness
<u>Hear</u> - noise, thunder	<u>Ideas</u> - knowledge, belief, culture, faith
<u>Smell</u> - smoke, perfume	Qualities - bravery, fear, loyalty,
<u>Touch</u> - sand, hair, powder, flour	curiosity, determination
	Abstract nouns end in -tion, -sion, -ness,
	-se, -ce, -ty,-ry, -f, -dom, -hood etc.

Ose the correct	101.411 01	The give	in word in bi	rackets to	o complete	me sem	ences.
We should keep a			from anyone	who is co	ughing or si	neezing.	(distant)
				_			

the the several form of the cives would be breakened to be several to be several.

2. Cheating in an examination can lead to ______ of an examination centre. (close)

3. All Ugandans had better follow the Ministry of Health_____ on COVID-19. (regulate)

4. The captain was responsible for the ______ of his team. (fail)

5. King Solomon was a man of great ______. (wise)

6. Corporal ______ should be abolished in Ugandan schools. (punish)

7. The death of the village chief resulted into ____amongst village members. (enemy)

8. His answer was just a _____ of the teacher's. (repeat)

9. We learnt about vehicle repair and ______ in Primary Five. (maintain)

10. The dictionary is now in its ninth ______. (edit)

11. It is an _____ for someone to drive a car while drunk. (offend)

12. Rukundo has never filled a ______ form. (withdraw)

13.	All chequ	ues should bear the	(sign)			
14.	He paid	the fare and asked ⁻	the conductor to show h	nim a (sit)		
15.	The gues	at the party. (receive)				
D)		Preposition + ing (A				
So	me verbs h	ave the structure ve	erb + preposition + obje	ct + ing		
		Verb	+ preposition	+ object		
,	We	talked	about	going to america		
•	You must	apologize	for	not telling the truth		
	•	<u>e each sentence co</u>	•			
1.			the			
2.		_		•		
3.						
4.				mination with flying colours. (pass)		
5.						
6.				their holiday. (enjoy)		
7.	71 \					
		te the sentences co	<u>rrectly.</u>			
1.	she said i want to buy a car					
2.	my sister has produced a baby boy said Ali					
3.	she is going said the chauffeur to learn to drive.					
4.	The teacher said i will tune in to UBC TV					
5.	Paul said my new job is boring					
		•	rite these sentences.			
6.	The shopkeeper told me to pick my change.					
7.	The conductor said that he wanted his fare.					
8.	I told Joe not to be late then.					
9.	The teacher asked me what my name was.					
10.	She said that she was withdrawing her money from the bank account.					
11.	The police say that the prisoners have escaped.					
12.	The Judge said that the man was guilty of stealing goats.					
13.	The headmaster asked me why I had reached school late.					
14.	The rapist said that he would not commit another crime.					
15.	The team captain said that they would win the game the next weekend.					

THE END